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AMENDMENT TO H.R. 3

OFFERED BY MR. RICHARDSON

Bill no.: HF. 5
Amendment no.:
Date offered:
Disposition:
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Page 470, add after line 8 the following:

TITLE IX--PERISHABLE PRODUCTS.

- SEC. 901. INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTS CONCERNING PERISHABLE PRODUCTS INDUSTRY.
- (a) REQUESTS FOR INVESTIGATIONS AND REPORTS.—If, upon request from a domestic industry producing a perishable product, the Secretary of Commerce determines that there is a reasonable indication that such industry is vulnerable to serious and irreparable injury as a result of surges in quantities of a like or directly competitive product in interstate commerce, the Secretary shall investigate and monitor such surges for a period not to exceed 180 days. The Secretary, on the basis of the Secretary's investigation, shall make recommendations to the President to take such appropriate action as may be necessary to assure that such surges will not recur.
- (b) DEFINITION OF PERISHABLE PRODUCT. -- For purposes of subsection (a), the term `perishable product´ includes--
 - (1) all articles that are treated as perishable products under section 404(e) of the Trade and Tariff Act of 1984 (19 U.S.C. 2112 note), and

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(2) live animals provided for in items 100.40 through 100.55, inclusive, of the Tariff Schedules of the United States.

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AMENDMENT TO H.R. 3 OFFERED BY MR. FLORIO

Page 470, add after line 8 the following:

TITLE IX--ENERGY AND COMMERCE PROVISIONS 1 SEC. 901. TRADE IN DIGITAL AUDIO RECORDERS. 2 (a) FINDINGS. -- The Congress finds that international 3 trade in digital audio recorders without appropriate protection from unauthorized copying by such recorders of 5 creative works will harm the competitiveness of American industry. 7 (b) DEFINITIONS. -- As used in this section: 8 (1) The term `commerce' means commerce among the 9 several States of the United States or with foreign 10 nations, or in any territory or possession of the United 11 States or in the District of Columbia, or among the 12 13 territories or possessions or between any territory, possession, State, foreign nation, or between the 14 District of Columbia and any State, territory, 15 possession, or foreign nation. 16 (2) The term `copy-code scanner is an electronic 17 circuit or comparable system of circuitry (A) which is 18 built into the recording mechanism of an audio recording

device, (B) which, if removed, bypassed, or deactivated,

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- would render inoperative the recording capability of the 1 audio recording device, (C) which continually detects, 2 within the audio frequency range of three thousand five 3 hundred to four thousand one hundred hertz, a notch in an 4 encoded phonorecord, and (D) which, upon detecting a 5 notch, prevents the audio recording device from recording 6 7 the sounds embodied in the encoded phonorecord by causing the recording mechanism of the device to stop recording 8 for at least twenty-five seconds. 9
- 10 (3) The term `digital audio recording device' is

 11 any machine or device, now known or hereafter developed,

 12 which can be used for making audio recordings in a

 13 digital format. The term `digital audio recording

 14 device' includes any machine or device which

 15 incorporates a digital audio recording device as part

 16 thereof.
 - (4) The term `encoded phonorecord´ is a phonorecord which has a notch within the audio frequency range of three thousand seven hundred to three thousand nine hundred hertz.
 - (5) The term `notch´ is an absence of sound resulting from the removal of sound signals at a certain frequency.
- 24 (6) The term ``phonorecord´ is a material object in 25 which sounds, other than those accompanying a motion

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1	picture or other audiovisual work, are fixed by any
2	method now known or later developed, and from which the
3	sounds can be preceived, reproduced, or otherwise
4	communicated, either directly or with the aid of a
5	machine or device. The term ``phonorecord´´ includes the
6	material object in whch the sounds are first fixed.
7	(c) TRADE IN DIGITAL AUDIO RECORDING DEVICES
8	(1) No person shall manufacture, assemble, or offer
9	for sale, resale, lease, or distribution in commerce
10	(A) any digital audio recording device which does
11	not contain a copy-code scanner, or
12	(B) any device, product, or service, the primary
13	purpose or effect of which is to bypass, remove, or
14	deactivate a copy-code scanner,
15	if any patent, technical know-how, or proprietary rights
16	necessary for manufacturing a copy-code scanner have been
17	made available by means of a royalty-free license.
18	(2) No person shall bypass, remove, or deactivate a
19	copy-code scanner.
20	(a) REMEDIES
21	(1) Any person aggrieved by any violation of
22	subsection (c), or any appropriate officer or agency of
23	the United States, may bring a civil action in any
24	appropriate district court of the United States. Such

court may (A) grant temporary and final injunctions on

- such terms as it may deem reasonable to prevent or
 restrain violations of subsection (c), (B) grant such
 other equitable relief as it may deem reasonable, and (C)
 direct the recovery of full costs, including reasonable
 attorneys' fees, by an aggrieved party, other than the
 United States or an officer or agency thereof, who
 prevails.
 - (2) An aggrieved party shall be entitled to recover damages in accordance with established principles of law.
 - (3) At any time while an action is pending, the court may order the impounding, on such terms as it may deem reasonable, or any digital audio recording device which does not contain a copy-code scanner, or any device or product the primary purpose or effect of which is to bypass or deactivate a copy-code scanner, that is in the custody or control of the alleged violator.
 - (4) As part of a final judgment or decree, the court may order the destruction, modification, or other disposition of any digital audio recording device which does not contain a copy-code scanner, or any device or product the primary purpose or effect of which is to bypass or deactivate a copy-code scanner, that is in the custody or control of the violator.
 - (5) Any person who knowingly, willfully, and for purposes of direct or indirect commercial advantage or

1	private financial gain violates subsection (c)(l) shall
2	be subject to criminal prosecution and may be fined, or
3	imprisoned for not more than 2 years, or both. Fines
4	shall be computed at 5 times the retail value of the
5	devices, products, or services involved or \$50,000,
6	whichever is greater.
7	(e) EXEMPTIONS The Secretary of Commerce may issue such
8	rules and regulations as may be necessary to exempt from the
9	requirements of subsection (c) certain digital audio
10	recording devices used exclusively for legitimate business
11	purposes.
12	(f) EFFECTIVE DATE On and after one year after the date
13	of the enactment of this Act, this section shall be
14	considered to have terminated and to be of no effect.
15	SEC. 902. COMPETITIVENESS IMPACT STATEMENTS.
16	(a) Department and Agency Actions
17	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
18	the head of each department and agency of the Federal
19	Government shall, before taking any major action that may
20	affect international trade and competitiveness
21	(A) study the potential impact such action will
22	have on
23	(i) the international trade of the United
24	States, and
25	(ii) the ability of United States firms

1	engaged in the manufacture, sale, distribution o
2	providing of goods or services to compete in
3	foreign or domestic markets,
4	(B) prepare a detailed statement on such study,
5	and
6	(C) make such statement available to the public.
7	(2) In the case of emergency action, the statement
8	required under paragraph (1)(B) may be published
9	immediately after the actions affecting international
10	competitiveness is taken.
11	(3) This subsection shall not apply with respect to
12	actions taken under the Trading With The Enemy Act.
13	(4) This subsection shall not apply to actions that
14	are the subject of a report or consultation required
15	under the Export Administration Act, but such a report of
16	consultation shall include a statement on the impact such
17	action will have on
18	(A) the international trade of the United States,
19	and
20	(B) the ability of United States firms
21	engaged in the manufacture, sale, distribution or
22	providing of goods or services to compete in
23	foreign or domestic markets,
24	(b) LEGISLATION The head of each department and agency
25	of the Federal Government shall include with any reports,

1	statements of position, or recommendations made to the
2	Congress regarding proposed legislation, a detailed statement
3	of the impact of such legislation on
4	(1) the international trade of the United States, and
5	(2) the ability of United States firms engaged in the
6	manufacture, sale, distribution, or providing of goods or
7	services to compete in foreign or domestic markets,
8	SEC. 903. NATIONAL TRADE DATA BANK.
· 9	(a) TRADE DATA FUNCTIONS
10	(1) The Secretary of Commerce shall
11	(A) establish and maintain a National Trade Data
12	Bank,
13	(B) provide for the analysis of information in
14	the National Trade Data Bank,
15	(C) disseminate such information in a timely
16	manner to business firms in the private sector that
17	are engaged in export related activities, and
18	(D) coordinate the gathering and dissemination of
19	commercial information relating to international
20	trade by the Federal Government.
21	(2) The National Trade Data Bank which is required to
22	be established under paragraph (1) may consist of
23	economic and trade data collected by the Federal
24	Government, including
25	(A) information on each foreign country such as

1	(1) the general economic conditions and
2	demographics,
3	(ii) common business practices,
4	(iii) tariff and non-tariff trade barriers,
5	and
6	(iv) other laws and regulations regarding
7	imports and licensing,
8	(B) information on specific industrial sectors
9	within each foreign country such as
10	(i) size of the market,
11	(ii) distribution of products,
12	(iii) competition,
13	(iv) applicable laws, regulations,
14	specifications, and standards,
15	(v) consultants,
<u>-</u> 6	(vi) appropriate government officials, and
17	(vii) trade associations,
18	(C) information on specific business
19	opportunities in each foreign country,
20	(D) general import and export data for the United
21	States and for each foreign country,
22	(E) industry specific import and export data for
23	each foreign country,
24	(F) product and service specific import and
25	export data for the United States,

±	(G) market penetration ratios for imports to the
2	United States and country of origin for imports to
3	the United States,
4	(H) rank ordered national destinations for
5	exports of the United States,
6	(I) exchange rates of all foreign currencies,
7	(J) market research, including industry and
8	demographic trends for each foreign country with
9	lists of marketing contacts and lists of foreign
10	firms,
11	(K) product and process patent, copyright,
12	trademark, and mask work (within the meaning of
13	section 901 of title 17, United States Code)
14	information for each nation for at least the 2 most
15	recent years,
16	(L) general labor market information,
17	(M) internationally comparable wage rates,
18	(N) foreign and domestic
19	(i) unemployment rates,
20	(ii) availability of skilled and professional
21	workers,
22	(iii) hiring and firing restrictions, and
23	(iv) labor productivity trends,
24	(O) comparative international tax rate
25	information,

1	(P) export financing information, including the
2	availability of funds for United States exporters and
3	foreign competitors,
4	(Q) information regarding the trade actions of
5	foreign governments,
6	(R) information concerning capital markets,
7	interest rates, and the cost and availability of
8	capital,
9	(S) National Input and Output Tables compiled by
10	the Department of Commerce for the United States and
11	other nations, and
12	(T) any other information that the Secretary of
13	Commerce determines to be useful in carrying out the
14	purposes of this section.
15	(3) The National Trade Data Eank which is required to
16	be established under paragraph (1) shall
17	(A) be designed to utilize state-of-the-art data
18	processing and retrieval equipment in monitoring,
19	organizing, analyzing, and disseminating the
20	information described in paragraph (2),
21	(B) use the most effective and meaningful means
22	of organizing and making such information available
23	to
24	(i) United States business firms,
25	(ii) United States workers,

1	(iii) United States industry associations,
2	(iv) United States agricultural interests,
3	(v) State and local economic development
4	agencies, and
5	(vi) other interested United States persons
6	who could benefit from such information, and
7	(C) be of such quality and in such form as to
8	assist coordinated trade strategies for the United
9	States.
LO	(4) The National Trade Data Bank established pursuant
Ll	to paragraph (1) shall
L 2	(A) collect and disseminate
13	(i) information on service sector economic
4	activity that is at least as complete and timely
L5	as information on economic activity in the
L6	merchandise sector, and
L7	(ii) a broad base of monthly information on
L8	the service sector of the economy, and
19	(B) provide
20	(i) a new benchmark survey of unaffiliated
21	service transactions, including
22	(I) banking services,
23	(II) computer software services,
24	(III) brokerage services,
5	(TV) transportation services.

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1	(V) travel services,
2	(VI) engineering services, and
3	(VII) construction services, and
4	(ii) an index of leading indicators which
5	includes measurement of service sector activity
6	in direct proportion to the contribution of the
7	service sector to the gross national product of
8	the United States.
9	(5) The National Trade Data Bank established pursuant
10	to paragraph (1) shall not include any information
11	(A) which is collected by the Federal Government
12	in connection with any investigation, and
13	(B) the disclosure of which to the public is
14	prohibited under any other provision of law.
15	(6) In carrying out this section, the Secretary of
16	Commerce shall consult with
17	(A) advisory committees established under section
18	135 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2155), and
19	(B) other representatives of the private sector.
20	(b) COOPERATION Each Federal department and agency
21	shall cooperate with the Secretary of Commerce by making
22	information available for assimilation into the National
23	Trade Data Bank.
24	(c) REPORTS By no later than December 31 of each
25	calendar year, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit a

-	report to congress
2	(A) assessing the current quality, comprehensiveness
3	and public and private accessibility of trade data,
4	(B) describing actions taken pursuant to this
5	section, particularly
6	(i) actions taken during the 3-month period
7	beginning on the date of enactment of this Act to
. 8	provide the new benchmark survey described in
9	subsection (a)(4)(B)(i), and
10	(ii) action taken during the 1-year period
11	beginning on the date of enactment of this Act to
12	provide the information on services described in
13	subparagraphs (A) and (B)(ii) of subsection (a)(4).
14	(C) describing actions planned to be taken pursuant
15	to this section,
16	(D) recommending executive and legislative actions
17	which would ensure that United States citizens and firms
18	obtain access to the data banks of foreign countries that
19	is similar to the access provided foreign citizens and
20	firms to the National Trade Data Bank established
21	pursuant to subsection (a)(1), and
22	(E) recommending other legislative actions which
23	further the purposes of this section. '.
24	SEC. 904. FOREIGN COMMERCE DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.
25	(a) ESTABLISHMENT The Secretary of Commerce

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and

1	(hereinafter in this Act referred to as the ``Secretary´´)
2	shall establish, using existing personnel, in the Department
3	of Commerce the Foreign Commerce Development Program which
4	shall, on a continuous basis
5	(1) undertake an analysis of Federal, State, and
6	local regulations of both foreign industries and United
7	States industries and their actual or potential effect or
8	interstate and foreign commerce,
9	(2) evaluate and propose responses to the trade
10	barriers identified in the report pursuant to section 183
11	of the Trade Act of 1974,
12	(3) compile a comprehensive inventory of acts,
13	policies, and practices of foreign countries which may
14	constitute barriers to (or other distortions of)
15	international trade or which may limit the access of
16	United States industries to such foreign countries, which
17	inventory shall include, but not be limited to
18	(A) a description of each act, policy, or
19	practice and of its operation in the particular
20	country,
21	(B) an identification of the goods, services, or
22	investment affected,
23	(C) an identification of the legal basis for such
24	act, policy, or practice in the particular country,

1	(D) an assessment of the impact, or potential
2	effects, of such acts, policies, or practices on
3	United States industries,
4	(4) identify and analyze all programs of foreign
5	governments that direct resources to a particular foreign
6	industry or industries to create international
7	competitive advantage, and evaluate the impact, or
8	potential effects, of such programs on the international
9	competitiveness of United States industries, and such
10	identification and analysis shall include a description
11	of the nature and extent of such intervention,
12	including
13	(A) direct or indirect subsidies to a foreign
14	industry or industries,
15	(B) special protection of the foreign home
16	market, whether through formal government action,
17	including tariffs, quotas, licensing requirements, or
18	investment restrictions, or informal government
19	action, including preferential procurement,
20	administrative guidance to the industry, or waiver of
21	generally applicable antitrust laws,
22	(C) support of research and development programs,
23	(D) programs designed to encourage the provision
24	of capital to a particular enterprise or group of
2 =	enterprises or industry or group of industries,

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1	(E) the promotion, support, or tolerance of, an
2	industry cartel or cartels,
3	(F) the provision of conditional loans where the
4	conditions for repayment are not likely to occur
5	within twelve months of the date of the initiation of
6	the investigation,
7	(G) the provision of capital, loans or loan
8	guarantees which would not otherwise be available
9	from commercial sources,
10	(H) information concerning the likelihood of
11	goods or services of foreign industries being sold in
12	the United States at less than fair value as a result
13	of such acts, policies, or practices, and
14	(I) any information needed to complete the report
15	described in subsection (c)(1).
16	(5) The Secretary shall undertake a comprehensive and
17	continuing evaluation of the potential competitiveness of
18	United States goods and services in markets within the
19	United States (hereinafter referred to as the `domestic
20	markets'), based upon
21	(A) an inventory of those domestic market
22	conditions, opportunities, structures and factors
23	which offer potential for growth and development,
24	(B) an analysis of those factors which
25	significantly affect the competitiveness of those

1	domestic industries that have a high potential for
2	growth, including applicable Federal and State
3	policies and practices (particularly macroeconomic,
4	regulatory, and sectoral policies) and the conditions
5	in, and the structure of, the markets that supply, or
6	distribute the products or services of, such
7	industries, and
8	(C) an evaluation, on a country-by-country basis
9	of foreign plans for the penetration of domestic
10	markets.
11	(b) STRATEGIES AND POLICIES: On the basis of the
12	analyses, studies, information, and inventory described in
13	the preceding subsection, the Secretary shall formulate
14	strategies and policies designed to increase the
15	competitiveness of United States industries in interstate and
16	foreign commerce. The Secretary shall take such action as may
17	be necessary or appropriate consistent with such powers as
18	are granted to the Secretary under law to implement the trade
19	and competitiveness strategies and other recommendations
20	developed under this section and section 905.
21	(c) REPORTS. On an annual basis commencing with 1988, the
22	Secretary shall prepare a report (which shall be submitted to
23	the Energy and Commerce Committee of the House of
24	Representatives and the Commerce, Science, and Transportation
25	Committee of the Senate and to the President no later than

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1	120 days after the close of the period covered by the report
2	containing
3	(1) a summary of the analyses and studies described
4	in paragraphs (1), (2), and (5) of subsection (a) and the
5	inventory described in paragraphs (3) of such subsection
6	(2) a description of all strategies and policies
7	developed pursuant to subsection (b) and recommendations
8	for legislation, based on such analyses and information,
9	designed to increase the international competitiveness of
10	United States industries in interstate and foreign
11	commerce, to respond to the trade practices of foreign
12	countries, and to ensure full reciprocity for United
13	States products, services, and investment in foreign
14	markets,
15	(3) assessments of the effects of foreign industrial
16	and trade policies on specific United States industries,
17	trade, and employment, and an evaluation of actual or
18	foreseeable economic and technological developments, in
19	the United States and abroad, which have affected or will
20	affect the competitive position of United States industry
21	or of particular United States industry sectors,
22	(4) an identification and description, with
23	particularity, of actual or foreseeable developments in
24	the United States and abroad which

(A) create a significant likelihood of a

1	competitive challenge to, or of substantial
2	dislocation in, an established United States
3	industry,
4	(B) present significant opportunities for United
5	States industries to compete in new geographical
6	markets or product markets or to expand their
7	position in established markets, or
8	(C) create a significant risk that United States
9	industries will be unable to compete successfully in
10	significant future markets, and
11	(5) a specification, with particularity, of the
12	industry sectors affected by the developments described
13	in clause (i).
14	(d) PROGRAM PRIORITIES In implementing the program
15	described in subsection (a), the Secretary shall give
16	priority to those foreign countries and product sectors in
17	which the United States has significant economic and
18	commercial interests. The Secretary shall consult with
19	appropriate Federal agencies and private sector advisory
20	groups in determining such priorities.
21	(e) COLLECTION: The Secretary may collect such
22	information, and seek the advice of such persons representing
23	United States industries, labor, consumers, and members of
24	the academic community, as the Secretary considers necessary
25	to carry out this section.

_	SEC. 903. REDATED INITIATIVES TO SUPPORT THE PROGRAM OF
2	ENHANCED COMPETITIVENESS.
3	In connection with the functions specified in section
4	904, the Secretary shall carry out the following actions in
5	order to achieve the purposes of this section and section
6	904:
7	(1) Assistance regarding research and
8	DEVELOPMENT After taking into account all relevant
9	information obtained in carrying out section 904(a) (1)
10	and (2), and other available appropriate data, regarding
11	the research and development needs (including
12	commercialization of research and development) of United
13	States industries, the Secretary shall prepare, and
14	thereafter periodically revise
15	(A) an inventory of the research and development
16	that (i) is relevant to the maintenance or expansion
17	of the competitiveness of United States industry, and
18	(ii) is being, or is planned to be, undertaken by
19	United States producers, and
20	(B) a listing of those new areas of research and
21	development not covered under subparagraph (A) that
22	should be engaged in if such competitiveness is to be
23	maintained or expanded.
24	(2) IMPROVEMENTS IN TRAINING AND EDUCATION on the
25	basis of the most recent information derived under

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1 section 904, and from other available appropriate data 2 regarding the labor needs of United States industries, 3 the Secretary shall periodically consult with the Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Education, and the 5 heads of appropriate State agencies regarding actions 6 that may be taken within their respective jurisdictions 7 to improve the quality and availability of labor market information, training (including teacher training), 8 . 9 retraining , and education, in those skills and disciplines which will be required by United States 10 11 industries for purposes of maintaining or expanding their 12 competitiveness.

BUREAUCRATIC OBSTACLES.—The Secretary shall undertake periodic consultation with appropriate Federal and State officials and representatives of United States industry and business for purposes of identifying those regulations, policies, and procedures that inhibit or delay the development, commercialization, or marketing of goods or services and shall, giving due consideration to the various purposes of such regulations, policies and procedures, make recommendations to the Congress, and to the appropriate Federal and State agencies, regarding those statutory and administrative changes that would, if implemented, eliminate or reduce such obstacles.

1	(4) COMPETITION The Secretary shall consult with
2	the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade
3	Commission for purposes of
4	(A) ensuring appropriate emphasis in antitrust
5	enforcement to encourage the development through
6	market forces of those industries considered by the
7	Secretary to be important to the maintenance or
8	expansion of United States competitiveness, and
9	(B) considering means by which the Department of
10	Justice and the Federal Trade Commission could
11	expedite current procedures under which the
12	Department of Justice and the Federal Trade
13	Commission provide advice as to whether business
14	proposals regarding goods, services, projects
15	(including joint research and development ventures),
16	or practices, that are considered by the Secretary to
17	be important to the maintenance or expansion of
18	United States competitiveness, comply with the laws
19	relating to antitrust and consumer protection that
20	are administered by the Department of Justice and the
21	Federal Trade Commission. The Secretary shall
22	develop, in consultation with these and other Federal
23	agencies concerned with consumer protection, programs
24	to enhance the confidence of United States consumers
25	in domestically-produced products and the competitive

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1	position of such products in world markets.
2	(5) FEDERAL PROCUREMENT The Secretary shall
3	periodically review Federal procurement policies and
4	practices and make recommendations for such changes in
5	those policies and practices as may be appropriate for
6	purposes of assisting in the maintenance and expansion of
7	United States competitiveness.
8	SEC. 906. ORGANIZATION OF TRADE AND COMPETITIVENESS
9	FUNCTIONS.
10	Within 180 days of the date of the enactment of this Act
11	the President shall report to the Congress recommendations
12	for legislation to establish an agency in the Executive
13	Branch to promote the competitiveness of United States
14	industries in domestic and foreign commerce and to perform
15	trade functions under existing law and the functions under
16	sections 903, 904, and 905. Such an agency shall be headed by
17	an individual with the same status as the head of an
18	Executive department.
19	SEC. 907. NATIONAL SECURITY AND ESSENTIAL COMMERCE.
20	(a) INVESTIGATIONS BY SECRETARY OF COMMERCE Upon
21	request of the head of any department or agency, upon
22	application of an interested party, or upon the motion of the
23	Secretary of Commerce (hereinafter in this section referred
24	to as the `Secretary'), the Secretary shall immediately
25	make an appropriate investigation to determine the effects on

1	the national security and essential commerce of mergers,
2	acquisitions, takeovers, and other efforts to gain control of
3	persons engaged in interstate commerce in the United States
4	by or with foreign persons. In the course of the
5	investigation, the Secretary shall seek information and
6	advice from, and shall consult with, the Secretary of Defense
7	and other appropriate officers of the United States. The
8	Secretary shall, if it is appropriate and after reasonable
9	notice, hold public hearings or otherwise afford interested
10	parties an opportunity to present information and advice
11	relevant to such investigation. The Secretary shall report
12	(1) the findings of the investigation under the
13	subsection with respect to the effect of the control of
14	such persons by foreign persons upon the national
15	security and essential commerce, and
16	(2, based on such findings, the recommendation of the
17	Secretary for action or inaction under this section to
18	the President within 45 days after receiving an
19	application from an interested party or otherwise
20	beginning an investigation under this subsection.
21	If the Secretary finds that the control of such persons by
22	foreign persons threatens to impair the national security and
23	essential commerce, the Secretary shall so advise the
24	President. The President shall take such action, and for such
25	time, as the President deems appropriate to restrict,

- 1 suspend, or prohibit any effort made by a foreign citizen to
- 2 merge, acquire, take over, or otherwise gain control of a
- 3 person engaged in interstate commerce in the United States so
- 4 that such control will not threaten to impair the national
- 5 security and essential commerce unless the President
- 6 determines that such effort by foreign citizens do not
- 7 threaten to impair the national security and essential
- 8 commerce.
- 9 (b) DOMESTIC PRODUCTION FOR NATIONAL DEFENSE. -- For the
- 10 purposes of this section, the Secretary and the President
- ll shall, in the light of the requirements of national security
- 12 and essential commerce and without excluding other relevant
- 13 factors, give consideration to domestic production needed for
- 14 projected national defense requirements, the capacity of
- 15 domestic industries to meet such requirements, existing and
- 16 anticipated availabilities of the human resources, products,
- 17 raw materials, and other supplies and services essential to
- 18 the national defense and essential commerce, the requirements
- 19 of growth of such industries and such supplies and services
- 20 including the investment, exploration, and development
- 21 necessary to assure such growth, and the control of such
- 22 industries by foreign citizens as it affects such industries
- 23 and the capacity of the United States to meet requirements of
- 24 national security and essential commerce. In the
- 25 administration of this section, the Secretary and the

- 1 President shall further recognize the close relation of the
- 2 economic welfare of the Nation to our national security and
- 3 essential commerce, and shall take into consideration the
- 4 impact of foreign control on the economic welfare of
- 5 individual domestic industries, and any substantial
- 6 unemployment, decrease in revenues of government, loss of
- 7 skills or investment, or other serious effects resulting from
- 8 the control of such industries by foreign citizens shall be
- 9 considered, without excluding other factors, in determining
- 10 whether such weakening of our internal economy may impair the
- ll national security and essential commerce.
- 12 SEC. 908. ACTION UNDER SECTION 301(c) OF THE TRADE ACT OF
- 13 1974.
- 14 The President shall immediately take all appropriate and
- 15 feasible action under section 301(c) of the Trade Act of
- 16 1974--
- 17 (1) remedy and prevent violations of the agreement
- entered into on September 2, 1986, between the United
- 19 States and Japan concerning trade in semiconductors,
- 20 (2) to serve as an incentive for compliance with such
- 21 agreement,
- 22 (3) to compensate the United States for the harm
- 23 suffered on account of noncompliance by Japan with such
- 24 agreement, and
- 25 (4) to prevent further injury to the United States

- from such noncompliance.
- 2 SEC. 909. DISCRIMINATION.
- 3 Section 301(e)(5) of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
- 4 2411(e)(5) is amended by inserting before the period `or
- 5 which denies access to foreign technology, research, or
- 6 development .
- 7 SEC. 910. MARKING OF CERTAIN ITEMS IN INTERSTATE COMMERCE.
- 8 Items imported under item 740.05 of the Tariff Schedules
- 9 of the United States may not be sold or distributed in
- 10 interstate commerce unless such items have an indelible and
- ll permanent marking identifying the country of origin.
- 12 SEC. 911. BILATERAL TRADE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND
- 13 MEXICO.
- 14 The Secretary of Commerce shall prepare and submit to the
- 15 Congress, within 1 year after the date of the enactment of
- 16 this Act, a report on kilateral trade issues between the
- 17 United States and Mexico. In the report, the Secretary
- 18 shall--
- 19 (1) identify and analyze the tariff and nontariff
- 20 barriers that inhibit trade between the United States and
- 21 Mexico,
- 22 (2) recommend unilateral and bilateral actions that
- 23 may be taken by the Governments of the United States and
- Mexico to reduce or eliminate such trade barriers,
- 25 including--

1	(A) the stimulation of joint investment and
2	coproduction by United States and Mexico joint
3	ventures in those areas in both countries that are
4	adjacent to the international border and the
5	provision of duty-free treatment to articles produced
6	by such ventures, and
7	(B) the eventual establishment of a free trade
8	area between the United States and Mexico, and
9	(3) identify and analyze the potential effects on
10	bilateral trade of a United States-Mexico development
11	bank the purpose of which would be to encourage and
12	coordinate economic development between the two
13	countries.
14	SEC. 912. INVESTIGATION OF MARKET DISTORTING PRACTICES
15	AFFECTING INTERSTATE COMMERCE IN URANIUM.
16	(a) COMMERCE IN URANIUM The Secretary of Commerce shall
17	investigate foreign trade practices resulting in market
18	distortions in interstate and foreign commerce in uranium. In
19	conducting the investigation, the Secretary of Commerce shall
20	take comment and evidence from interested parties, may send
21	questionnaires to foreign producers or other entities and
22	take appropriate account of failures to respond, and shall
23	rely on the best available evidence concerning foreign trade
24	practices resulting in market distortions. On the basis of
25	the investigation, the Secretary shall issue a preliminary

- 1 report within 100 days of the date of enactment of this
- 2 section. The Secretary shall afford an additional 30 days for
- 3 comment on the preliminary report and shall issue a final
- 4 report no later than 60 days after issuance of the
- 5 preliminary report.
- 6 (b) REPORTS. -- The preliminary and final reports required
- 7 by subsection (a) shall--
- 8 (1) describe any foreign trade practices and policies
- 9 resulting in market distortions affecting interstate and
- 10 foreign commerce and shall provide the basis for that
- 11 description,
- 12 (2) specifically identify any evidence of
- differential pricing, market exclusion, contract review,
- product or service tie-ins, or similar practices having
- 15 actual or potential adverse impact on the United States
- 16 uranium mining and milling industry, and
- 17 (3) recommend appropriate remedial action by the
- 18 Secretary of Energy, the Secretary of Commerce, or the
- 19 President.
- 20 Within 30 days of issuance of the final report, the
- 21 President, on the basis of the final report and the existing
- 22 determinations of the Secretary of Energy that the domestic
- 23 uranium industry is not viable, shall determine an action or
- 24 combination of actions to rectify any impact of market
- 25 distorting foreign trade practices affecting interstate and

- 1 foreign commerce in uranium.
- 2 (c) SUMMARY.--A summary of the preliminary report and the
- 3 final report required by subsection (a) shall be published in
- 4 the Federal Register. The selection of any action by the
- 5 President shall also be published in the Federal Register.
- 6 (d) MONITORING. -- The Secretary of Energy, with the
- 7 cooperation as appropriate of the Secretary of Commerce and
- 8 the Secretary of the Treasury, shall monitor and publish on
- 9 at least a semi-annual basis statistics providing the amount
- 10 of uranium in any form imported into the United States for
- ll domestic consumption or other use. The statistics shall
- 12 specifically identify the country of origin of the imported
- 13 uranium. The Secretary shall not take into account fictitious
- 14 alterations in the country of origin of the uranium for
- 15 purposes of compiling such statistics.
- 16 (e) CONSTRUCTION. -- Nothing in this section shall be
- 17 construed to modify any obligation under the Atomic Energy
- 18 Act of 1954 on the part of the Secretary of Energy to assure
- 19 the maintenance of a viable domestic uranium industry and
- 20 nothing in this section shall be construed to modify any
- 21 remedy otherwise available to the domestic uranium industry
- 22 under existing law.
- 23 SEC. 913. INVESTIGATION OF CERTAIN BARRIERS PERTAINING TO
- 24 TRADE AND SERVICES.
- The United States Trade Representative shall immediately

- 1 initiate an investigation under section 302 of the Trade Act
- 2 of 1974 regarding the acts, policies, and practices of the
- 3 Government of Japan and of entities which are owned,
- 4 financed, or otherwise controlled by the Government of Japan
- 5 with respect to barriers in Japan to the offering by United
- 6 States persons of architectural, engineering, construction,
- 7 and consulting services in such country.
- 8 SEC. 914. EFFECT OF IMPORTS ON CRUDE OIL PRODUCTION AND
- 9 REFINING CAPACITY IN THE UNITED STATES.
- 10 The Secretary of Energy shall send to the United States
- 11 Trade Representative the results of the study conducted under
- 12 section 3102 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of
- 13 1986. Within 180 days of the receipt of the results of such
- 14 study, the United States Trade Representative shall report to
- 15 the President and the Congress recommendations for actions
- 16 which may be appropriate to address any impact of imports or
- 17 crude oil and petroleum products on domestic crude oil
- 18 exploration and production and the domestic pretroleum
- 19 refining capacity, including the imposition of oil import
- 20 fees, the deregulation of domestic natural gas prices, the
- 21 deregulation of the transportation of crude oil by pipeline,
- 22 and the repeal of the fuel economy standards under the Motor
- 23 Vehicle Information and Cost Savings Act.
- 24 SEC. 915. INVESTMENTS.
- Within 6 months of the date of the enactment of this Act,

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2	(1) review the investment restrictions placed on
3	citizens of the United States and persons which have
4	their principal office in the United States by foreign
5	countries, and
6	(2) report to Congress recommendations for
7	legislation to impose on citizens of or persons which
8	have their principal offices in a country which, as
9	determined by the Secretary, restricts the investments
10	which may be made in that country by citizens of the
11	United States or by persons which have their principal
12	office in the United States the same investment
13	restrictions.
14	SEC. 916. REPORT ON SECRETARY OF COMERCE PROCEDURES.
15	Within 30 days of the date of the enactment of this Act
16	the Secretary of Commerce shall report to the Congress on the
17	legal basis for the trade impact of and alternative
18	approaches to
19	(1) the lack of any provision for deducting a
20	reasonable profit earned by related party importers in
21	calculating ``Exporter's Sales Price', and
22	(2) the deduction of and amount of indirect selling
23	expenses included in the home market from the home market
24	price, when calculating ``Foreign Market Value',
25	in connection with actions and investigations by the

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1 Secretary.

In the table of contents, insert on page 10 after the item relating to title VIII the following:

TITLE IX--ENERGY AND COMMERCE PROVISIONS

- Sec. 901. Trade in digital audio recorders.
- Sec. 902. Competitiveness impact statements.
- Sec. 903. National Trade Data Bank.
- Sec. 904. Foreign Commerce Development Program.
- Sec. 905. Related initiatives to support the program of enhanced competitiveness.
- Sec. 906. Organization of trade and competitiveness functions.
- Sec. 907. National security and essential commerce.
- Sec. 908. Action under section 301(c) of the Trade Act of 1974.
- Sec. 909. Discrimination.
- Sec. 910. Marking of certain items in interstate commerce.
- Sec. 911. Bilateral trade between the United States and Mexico.
- Sec. 912. Investigation of market distorting practices affecting interstate commerce in uranium.
- Sec. 913. Investigation of certain barriers pertaining to trade and services.
- Sec. 914. Effect of imports on crude oil production and refining capacity in the United States.
- Sec. 915. Investments.
- Sec. 916. Report on Secretary of Commerce procedures.

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AMENDMENT TO H.R. 3

Page 416, after line 2, insert the following new section (and redesignate the succeeding sections and conform the table of contents accordingly):

- 1 SEC. 702. FINANCIAL SERVICES STUDY.
- 2 (a) STUDY REQUIRED.--(1) The Secretary of Commerce, in
- 3 consultation and coordination with the United States Trade
- 4 Representative and the Securities and Exchange Commission,
- 5 shall conduct an investigation to determine--
- 6 (A) the foreign countries from which foreign
- 7 financial services institutions have entered, directly or
- 8 indirectly, into the business of providing financial
- 9 services in the United States,
- 10 (B) the kinds of financial services which are being
- offered, and
- (C) the extent to which United States financial
- services institutions are permitted to offer the same
- services in each of those foreign countries.
- 15 (2) The Secretary of Commerce shall transmit a report on
- 16 the results of the investigation under paragraph (1) within
- 17 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act to the
- 18 President, the Congress, the United States Trade
- 19 Representative, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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1	(b) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section
2	(1) The term ``foreign country' means a foreign
3	country or a political subdivision, a dependent
4	territory, or a possession of a foreign country, and
5	includes an association of two or more foreign countries,
6	political subdivisions, dependent territories, or
7	possessions of foreign countries forming a customs union
8	outside the United States.
9	(2) The term ``foreign financial services
10	institution means
11	(A) any legal entity the headquarters, or the
12	primary control or operations, of which are located
13	or based in a foreign country,
14	(B) any citizen or national of a foreign country,
15	or
16	(C) any department, agency, or other
17	government-operated or government-controlled
18	organization of a foreign country,
19	that is directly or indirectly engaged, in whole or part,
20	in business as a financial services institution.
21	(3) The term `United States financial services
22	institution 'mean a financial services institution
23	(A) the headquarters, and the primary control and
24	operations of which, are located in the United
25	States, and

1	(B) that is not owned or controlled, directly or
2	indirectly, by any company whose headquarters, or
3	primary control or operations, are located outside
4	the United States.
5	(4) The term `financial services institution'
6	means
7	(A) a broker, dealer, underwriter, clearing
8	agency, transfer agent, or information processor with
9	respect to securities, including government and
10	municipal securities,
11	(B) an investment company, investment manager,
12	investment adviser, indenture trustee, or any
13	depository institution, insurance company, or other
14	organization operating as a fiduciary, trustee,
15	underwriter, or other financial service provider, and
16	(C) any other entity providing financial
17	services.

AMENDMENT TO H.R. 3

Page 213, after line 5 insert the following:

- 1 SEC. 212. FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION.
- 2 (a) CLARIFICATION OF FACTORS FCC REQUIRED TO
- 3 CONSIDER. -- The Communications Act of 1934 is amended by
- 4 adding at the end of title II (relating to common carriers)
- 5 the following new section:
- 6 CONSIDERATION OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE FACTORS
- 7 "SEC. 225. The Congress finds that international
- 8 telecommunications trade has significant impact with regard
- 9 to telecommunications policymaking in the United States. It
- 10 is therefore the policy of the United States that the
- 11 Commission, in order to fulfill its duties and obligation to
- 12 make decisions on the basis of the public interest,
- 13 convenience, and necessity under this title should, in making
- 14 its determinations, take into account, where appropriate, the
- 15 impact of international trade on the ability of the United
- 16 States telecommunications industry to be competitive in the
- 17 international marketplace and on the ability of the American
- 18 public to obtain, on a continuing basis, quality services and
- 19 equipment. '.
- 20 (b) REPORT TO CONGRESS. -- On or before November 1, 1987,
- 21 the Federal Communications Commission (hereafter referred to

- l in this section as the ``Commission´´) shall report to the
- 2 Congress its findings and conclusions based on the Notice of
- 3 Inquiry and Proposed Rulemaking, CC Docket No. 86-494,
- 4 adopted on December 23, 1986. If further rulemaking action is
- 5 considered appropriate based on such inquiry, the Commission
- 6 shall commence a rulemaking based on such findings and
- 7 conclusions not later than December 1, 1987.
- 8 (c) TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPETITIVENESS IN THE UNITED
- 9 STATES.--
- 10 (1)(A) The Secretary of Commerce, acting with the
- 11 Federal Communications Commission and the National
- 12 Telecommunications and Information Administration, shall
- conduct a study of the competitiveness of the United
- 14 States domestic telecommunications industry and the
- effects of foreign telecommunications policies and
- 16 practices thereon in order to assist the Congress and the
- 17 President in determining what actions might be necessary
- 18 to preserve the competitiveness of the American
- 19 telecommunications industry.
- 20 (B) The study provided for by subparagraph (A) shall
- 21 be carried out within available appropriations.
- 22 (2)(A) Within 45 days of the date of the enactment of
- this Act, the Secretary of Commerce and the Chairman of
- the Federal Communications Commission, or their
- designees, shall begin consultation and coordination on

1	the study under paragraph (1)(A).
2	(B) The Commission shall provide notice and
3	reasonable opportunity for the public comment within 90
4	days of the date of the enactment of this Act.
5	(3) The Commission shall, within 120 days of the date
6	of the issuance of public notice of the study, transmit
7	to the Congress and the President a copy of the findings
8	and recommendations. Such findings and recommendations
9	shall be referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce
10	of the House of Representatives and appropriate
11	authorization committees of the Senate.

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AMENDMENT TO H.R. 3

Page 196, beginning in line 24 strike out `Committee on Ways of Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate' and insert in lieu thereof `Congress'.

Page 203, beginning in line 12 strike out `Committee on Ways and Means and the Committee on Finance' and insert in lieu thereof `appropriate committees'.

Page 204, beginning in line 2 strike out `House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance' and insert in lieu thereof `appropriate committees of the House and Senate'.

Page 208, beginning in line 22 strike out `House Committee on Ways and Means and the Senate Committee on Finance' and insert in lieu thereof `appropriate committees of the House and Senate'.

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AMENDMENT TO H.R. 3

- 1 SEC. . IMPACT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE EXPENDITURES ON
- 2 INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIVENESS.

(a) FINDINGS -- The Congress finds that --

the ability of U.S. industries to compete is adversely affected by the cost of capital which is affected by many factors, including the budget deficit and money spent on world defense.

(b) SENSE OF THE CONGRESS -- It is the sense of the Congress that the President should evaluate the impact on U.S. competitiveness of foreign countries' expenditures on defense, including Japan's expenditure of 1 percent of its GNP on defense as compared to the U.S. expenditures of 6 percent of its GNP.